ILLINOIS COURTS RESPONSE TO COVID-19 EMERGENCY/REDUCTION OF UNNECESSARY IN-PERSON COURT APPEARANCES

ORDER- M.R. 30370

With respect to the provisions of Supreme Court Rules 101, 283, and 286(a) regarding summonses:

- a. A summons requiring appearance on a specified day may only be used in an action for eviction, replevin, or detinue.
- b. A summons in a small claims action shall use a summons requiring each defendant to file an appearance within 30 days after service. The first paragraph of the summons in a small claims action shall include substantially the following language:

"You have been named a defendant in the complaint in this case, a copy of which is hereto attached. You are summoned and required to file your appearance, in the office of the clerk of this court, within 30 days of this summons, not counting the day of service. If you fail to do so, a judgment by default may be entered against you for the relief asked in the complaint.

c. All proceedings other than those governed by paragraphs (a) and (b) shall use a summons under Supreme Court Rule 101(d) requiring each defendant to answer or otherwise file an appearance within 30 days after service.

The following Supreme Court Rules are suspended, until further order of this court, to the extent they authorize use of a summons requiring appearance on a specified day or a trial on a day specified in the summons:

Supreme Court Rule 101(b) (1) (actions for money not in excess of \$50,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and actions subject to mandatory arbitration were a local rule prescribes a specific date for appearance) and

Supreme Court Rules 283 and 286(a) (small claims actions)>

In accordance with Supreme Court Rule 101(g), the use of the wrong form of summons, either before or after issuance of this order, shall not affect jurisdiction of the court.

NOTICE

The Tazewell County Circuit Clerk's office has included the summons form ordered by the Supreme Court in the following Small Claims form packet.

Getting Started Small Claims Complaint

IMPORTANT: This getting started guide and the instructions are not legal advice. They are only meant to help you learn how to file a Small Claims Complaint. Your use of the forms does not guarantee you will be successful in court.

To learn how to fill out the forms and file them with the court, read the HOW TO FILE & SERVE A SMALL CLAIMS COMPLAINT & SMALL CLAIMS SUMMONS instruction sheet and the instructions on the forms.

Names of forms:	 Small Claims Complaint Additional Reasons (Small Claims Complaint) (if needed) Additional Defendants (Small Claims Complaint) (if needed) Small Claims Summons Letter to Sheriff (Serving a Small Claims Summons and Small Claims Complaint) Small Claims Order 	
Purpose of the forms:	To sue a person or business for \$10,000 or less.	
Types of cases the forms CAN be used for:	These forms can only be used in civil cases seeking money damages in the amount of \$10,000 or less.	
Types of cases the forms CANNOT be used for:	Criminal cases, evictions, foreclosures, family cases, injunctions, civil cases seeking more than \$10,000, and all cases asking for something other than money.	
Cost to file the forms:	 There is a fee for filing. If you cannot afford to pay the filing fee, you can ask the court to file for free or at a reduced cost by filling out and filing the <i>Application for Waiver of Court Fees</i> found at <u>illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/</u>. If you are suing because a person or business has broken a written agreement you have with them, you must attach a copy of the agreement to the <i>Small Claims Complaint</i>, if you have it. <u>Illinois Supreme Court Rules 281-289</u> <u>735 ILCS 5/2-603-606</u> 	
Special information or papers needed to complete the forms:		
Statutes and rules covering the forms:		
Where to find the forms and instruction sheet:	illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/	
For more information:	Read the HOW TO FILE & SERVE A SMALL CLAIMS COMPLAINT & SMALL CLAIMS SUMMONS instruction sheet that comes with these forms. You may also find more information, resources, and the location of your local legal self-help center at <u>illinoislegalaid.org</u> .	

HOW TO FILE & SERVE A SMALL CLAIMS COMPLAINT & SMALL CLAIMS SUMMONS

NOTE: If there are any words or terms used in these instructions that you do not understand, please visit Illinois Legal Aid Online at llinoislegalaid.org/lexicon/glossarv.

What is Small Claims Court?

- Small Claims Court is a place where you can sue a person or business, if the amount you are seeking is \$10,000 or less. The case may be based on an agreement or the fact that someone has harmed you or your property.
- Examples of cases that can be filed in Small Claims 0 Court include:
 - Someone physically injured you or damaged your property and refuses to pay for your loss;
 - Your landlord refuses to return your security . deposit;
 - Someone owes you money for work you have done, but refuses to pay you; or
 - You paid for work to be done, but the work was done poorly and the contractor refuses to fix it.

What can I get in Small Claims Court?

- Small Claims judges can order a judgment only for money.
- The judge cannot require a person or business to do 0 something or stop doing something, or to return property.

What should I consider before filing a Small Claims Complaint?

- Try contacting the other person or business to solve \cap the problem out of court. If you are successful, you save time, effort, and expense. Call or write the other party to explain your position and the settlement you want.
- Consider whether the Defendant has money, 0 income, or property. If the Defendant does not have any money, you may not be able to collect even if the judge decides the Defendant owes you money.

Who can file a Small Claims Complaint?

- Any person 18 years or older may file a Small 0 Claims Complaint with or without a lawyer. People under 18 must have a lawyer.
- A corporation can also file a Small Claims Complaint. However, it must be represented by a lawyer.

Does it cost to file a Small Claims Complaint?

Yes. There is a fee to file a Small Claims Complaint.

- There are also costs related to filing and serving the 0 Small Claims Summons.
- If you cannot afford to pay the filing fee, you can ask 0 the court to file for free or at a reduced cost by filing the Application for Waiver of Court Fees found at illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/.

Who do I file a Small Claims Complaint against?

- You cannot collect money against a Defendant who is incorrectly named on the Small Claims Complaint.
- Decide if your lawsuit is against a person or a 0 business.
 - If it is against a **person**, use the individual's full • name to the best of your knowledge.
 - If it is against an incorporated business, use the full legal name and address of the business.
 - . To find the full legal name and address of an incorporated business, you can search the online database of the Illinois Secretary of State for the full legal name of the business at

cvberdriveillinois.com/departments/business services/corp.html.

- Unincorporated businesses, sole . proprietorship, or general partnerships will not appear in this database.
- If it is against an unincorporated business, sole proprietorship or general partnership, you should name the owner of the business itself as the Defendant, along with the abbreviation "d/b/a" (doing business as). For example: David D. Donald d/b/a Donald Towing.
 - You can look for the name of the owner of the business on your agreement, the website for the business, signs for the business, or advertisements.
 - If the unincorporated business operates 0 under an assumed name (advertising name, such as "Action Plumbing"), you may be able to find out the name of the owner (whom you must name as the Defendant) by consulting the county clerk or local municipality.

Where do I file my Small Claims Complaint?

- Generally, you must file in the county where the 0 Defendant lives or where the events of the case happened. For example, where the accident occurred, or where the contract was signed.
- A business may be sued in any county where it does 0 business or has an office. You can find out their

locations by visiting the business' website or calling them.

 Filing your claim in the wrong county may result in the judge dismissing your case or transferring it to the correct courthouse. If you are not sure which county is right, talk to a lawyer.

What forms do I need?

- **Small Claims Complaint**: This form asks the court for a money judgment and gives information needed to begin the case.
- Small Claims Summons: This form tells each Defendant that you are asking the court for a money judgment.
- Letter to Sheriff: You should use this form when suing a Defendant located outside of the county where you file your Small Claims Complaint or outside of Illinois.
- Application for Waiver of Court Fees: You only need this form if you cannot pay the filing fee (see immediately below). You file the Application for Waiver of Court Fees to ask the court to file for free or at a reduced cost.

Where can I find the forms I need?

• You can find the forms at <u>illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/</u>.

How do I fill out my Small Claims Complaint?

- At the top of the *Small Claims Complaint,* write your name as the Plaintiff. Write the name of the person or business you are suing as the Defendant.
- The Small Claims Complaint must include the correct legal name, address, and phone number of the Defendant. If you sue an incorporated business, you must use its legal name. This may be different from the name you know it by.
- In paragraph 5 of the *Small Claims Complaint*, write the facts that explain why the Defendant owes you money. You must also include the amount of money you are asking for (must be \$10,000 or less). You do not need to include court costs. The judge may award court costs to the party that wins.
- At the bottom of the *Small Claims Complaint,* you must sign it.
- If the Small Claims Complaint is based upon a written document of any kind (like a lease or contract), you must attach a copy of it to the Small Claims Complaint. The copy must be readable. If you do not have a copy of it, you must explain why it is not available in the Small Claims Complaint.

How do I fill out my Small Claims Summons?

• If you are suing an individual:

• If you are suing more than 1 Defendant, complete a separate *Small Claims Summons* for each Defendant.

- You must fill out the top of the *Small Claims Summons* the same way you filled it out on your *Small Claims Complaint.* You will also need the address of the Defendant.
- The *Small Claims Summons* must include your contact information and the address where the Defendant can be served with the *Small Claims Summons*.
- Ask the Circuit Clerk for the court date and enter that date in Section 4.
- You will need to decide how to serve the Defendant. You can have the Circuit Clerk send the *Small Claims Summons* and *Small Claims Complaint* by certified mail. Or, you can have the Sheriff or a special process server serve the Defendant.

• If you are suing a business:

- First, find out if it is incorporated. Do this by going to the Illinois Secretary of State's website at <u>cyberdriveillinois.com/departments/business</u> ser <u>vices/corp.html</u>. If you find the business in the database, look for the full legal name of the business.
- The business may also have a Registered Agent. A Registered Agent is a person or company who agrees to accept legal papers for an Illinois business. If a business has a Registered Agent, you must serve the Registered Agent.
- Put the name of the business and the name of the Registered Agent, if any, on the *Small Claims Summons* below "Defendant's address and service information."
- Second, if the business is not in this database, you must serve the owner. The owner can be served at their place of business or home. Put the name of the owner on the *Small Claims Summons* below "Defendant's address and service information."
- If you are suing more than 1 Defendant, complete a separate *Small Claims Summons* for each Defendant.
- You must fill out the top of the Small Claims Summons the same way you filled it out on your Small Claims Complaint.
- The *Small Claims Summons* must include *y*our contact information.
- Ask the Circuit Clerk for the court date and enter that date in Section 4.
- You will need to decide how to serve the Defendant.
 You can have the Circuit Clerk send the Small Claims Summons and Small Claims Complaint by certified mail. Or, you can have the sheriff or a special process server serve the Defendant.

Step 1: File your forms with the Circuit Clerk.

- You must file the *Small Claims Complaint* and *Small Claims Summons* with the Circuit Clerk.
- You must electronically file (e-file) court documents unless (1) you are an inmate in a prison or jail and you do not have a lawyer, (2) you have a disability that keeps you from e-filing, or (3) you qualify for an exemption from e-filing.
 - You will qualify for an exemption if: (1) you do not have internet or computer access at home and it would be difficult for you to travel to a place where you could use a computer; or (2) you have trouble reading or speaking in English.
 - If you qualify for an exemption, fill out a *Certification for Exemption from E-Filing* found here: <u>illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/</u>.
 - File the original and 1 copy of your forms and the *Certification*, with the Circuit Clerk's office in person or by mail.
- To e-file, create an account with an e-filing service provider.
 - Visit <u>illinoiscourts.gov/service-providers.htm</u> to select a service provider. Some service providers are free while others charge a processing fee. For instructions on how to e-file for free with Odyssey eFileIL, see the self-help user guides here: <u>illinoiscourts.gov/CivilJustice/Resources/Self-Represented Litigants/self-represented.asp</u>.
- If you do not have access to a computer or if you need help e-filing, take your forms to the Circuit Clerk's office where you can use a public computer terminal to e-file your forms.
 - You can bring your forms on paper or saved on a flash drive.
 - The terminal will have a scanner and computer that you can use to e-file your forms.

Step 2: Serve the other party with copies of your *Small Claims Complaint* and *Small Claims Summons*.

- To "serve" a form means to deliver it to the person you are suing.
- If you are suing more than one person, you must serve every person you are suing.
- You can serve each Defendant in one of three ways: through the Circuit Clerk (see Step 2a), through the sheriff (see Step 2b), or through a special process server (see Step 2c).

Step 2a: Serve through the Circuit Clerk

• You can have the Circuit Clerk serve the Defendant by mailing your *Small Claims Complaint* and *Small Claims Summons* to them by certified mail. The Circuit Clerk will then fill out the *Proof of Service* section on the *Small Claims Summons*. This is proof that the Defendant was (or was not) served.

- Only the Circuit Clerk, not you, may mail the *Small Claims Complaint* and *Small Claims Summons.*
- This method is less expensive than the other ways to serve the Defendant. Pay the Circuit Clerk the fees for each party or give the Clerk a copy of your *Order for Waiver of Court Fees* (if you have one) to receive a full or partial waiver of the fees.
- If you think the Defendant will not sign the receipt (green card) that shows they got the forms, you may not want to use this method of service.
- If there are multiple Defendants, you must fill out a separate *Small Claims Summons* for each one.

Step 2b: Serve through the sheriff

- You can have the sheriff serve the Defendant. If there are multiple Defendants, you must fill out a separate *Small Claims Summons* for each one. A deputy will hand-deliver the *Small Claims Complaint* and *Small Claims Summons*. They will then fill out the *Proof of Service* section on the *Small Claims Summons*. This is proof that the Defendant was (or was not) served.
- This method is more expensive than certified mail.
- Attach the *Small Claims Summons* to the front of the copy of your *Small Claims Complaint.*
- In person or by mail, ask the sheriff in the county where the person to be served lives to serve your *Small Claims Summons* and *Small Claims Complaint*.
 - In person:
 - Bring copies of your Small Claims Summons and Small Claims Complaint to the sheriff's office.
 - Pay the sheriff's fees for each party OR give the sheriff a copy of your Order for Waiver of Court Fees (if you have one) to receive a full or partial waiver of the fees.
 - By mail
 - Mail copies of your Small Claims Summons and Small Claims Complaint to the sheriff's office.
 - Include the Letter to the Sheriff found at illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/.
 - Include a self-addressed and stamped envelope for the sheriff to mail the *Proof of Service* to you.
 - Pay the sheriff's fees for each party OR mail the sheriff a copy of your *Order for Waiver of Court Fees* to receive a full or partial waiver of the fees.

- If the Defendant does NOT live in the same county or state where the case was filed:
 - Get the name, address, and telephone number of the sheriff for the county or the state where the Defendant lives.
 - Call the sheriff in that county or state to find out:
 - If it is the correct sheriff's department for the address where you want the other party served;
 - The address where you should bring or mail your *Small Claims Summons* and *Small Clams Complaint*;
 - The number of copies of your *Small Claims Summons* and *Small Claims Complaint* to bring or send; AND
 - The sheriff's fees for service and if they will honor your *Order for Waiver of Court Fees* (if you have one). A sheriff in Illinois must honor it. sheriffs outside of Illinois do not, but they may.

Step 2c: Serve through a special process server

- If you do not wish to use the sheriff, you may be able to use a special process server to serve the *Small Claims Summons* instead.
- For information about how to use a special process server, see How to File and Send a Motion to Appoint Special Process Server at <u>illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/</u>.

Step 3: Confirm service

- The person who serves the Small Claims Summons and Small Claims Complaint will fill out the Proof of Service section of the Small Claims Summons. They will then either file it with the Circuit Clerk or mail it to you.
- If the Circuit Clerk mailed the forms to the Defendant, the receipt (green card) will be mailed back to the Circuit Clerk. You can call the Circuit Clerk to see if the receipt has been returned and whether it shows that the Defendant was served. You may be able to look up this information online if your Circuit Clerk offers this option.
- If the sheriff or special process server files the *Proof* of Service with the Circuit Clerk, call the Circuit Clerk to find out if it has been filed. If it has been filed, ask the Circuit Clerk how to get a copy.
- If the sheriff or special process server mails the *Proof of Service* to you, make a copy for yourself.
 - File the original with the Circuit Clerk.
 - If you e-file the *Proof of Service*, it will already be stamped for your records.
 - If you have an e-filing exemption and you paper file your *Proof of Service*, have the Circuit Clerk stamp your copy.

- If you used the sheriff or a special process server, and they were not able to serve the other party, ask them why. This can happen for a number of reasons. For example:
 - No one was home when the sheriff or process server came;
 - The wrong address was given; OR
 - The Defendant is avoiding service by refusing to answer the door.
 - After learning why the Defendant was not served, you will need to try again. To do this, you fill out another *Small Claims Summons,* check the box for "Alias Summons," and ask the sheriff or special process server to try to serve the Defendant again.

Step 4: How to get a court date.

- Ask the Circuit Clerk if you have to schedule a court date or if one will be scheduled automatically.
- If you need to schedule the court date, ask the Circuit Clerk how to do so. The Circuit Clerk may schedule the court date or you may have to speak with other court staff.
- When you get your court date, ask if the court will send notice of the court date to the other party or if you need to.
 - If you need to send notice, complete the *Notice* of *Court Date* found at: <u>illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/</u>.

Step 5: Get ready for your court date.

 You may be able to attend the court date by phone or video. This is called a "Remote Appearance." Call the Circuit Clerk or visit their website to find out how to do this. To find the phone number for your Circuit Clerk, visit

illinoiscourts.gov/court/CircuitCourt/CircuitCourtJudg es/CCC_County.asp.

- Decide and write down:
 - What you want to ask the judge to do for you;
 - What you will say to the judge if asked to tell your side of the case; AND
 - Questions you have for witnesses, including Defendants, if there are any.
- Gather and make copies of pictures and documents you want the judge to see. Bring the original for the judge and one copy for you and each of the Defendants in the case.
- If you want the judge to hear from other people, those people will have to come to court and be witnesses. You cannot use a written statement from the witness instead of having them come in person.

Step 6: Go to your court date.

- You may have received a court date or written appearance date from the Circuit Clerk when you filed your *Small Claims Complaint* or you may have received a written notice later from the Defendant or Circuit Clerk. If you cannot find your court date and time notice, call the Circuit Clerk.
- Bring these items with you to court:
 - Copies of all the documents you filed with the Circuit Clerk.
 - Any witnesses you want to testify.
 - Any documents you want the judge to look at.
 - A photo I.D.
- Get to the courthouse at least 30 minutes early.
- Go to the courtroom number listed on your court form. If your forms do not have a courtroom number, look for a list of cases at the courthouse, or ask the Circuit Clerk.
- Check in with the courtroom staff and wait for your name and case number to be called.
- When your case is called, walk up to the judge and introduce yourself.

Step 7: Present your case.

- You, as Plaintiff, will present your case first. To present your case, tell the judge the facts and details of the case. If you brought witnesses, ask the judge to bring up your witnesses. Ask the witnesses questions about the case so that the judge can hear their answers. Give any evidence, such as paperwork or photos, to the judge. After each witness testifies, the Defendant can question that witness, including you.
- When presenting your case, be brief and stick to the facts. Say what happened in the order it happened. Do not interrupt or argue with any witness. Listen carefully so you can tell the judge why you disagree when it is your turn to speak.
- After you finish presenting your case, the Defendant will present their case. The Defendant may testify, ask questions of witnesses, and present physical evidence. You may question each of the Defendant's witnesses, including the Defendant.
- If the judge asks you questions, answer them clearly and directly. Show respect to everyone in the courtroom, including the Defendant.
- After hearing both sides, the judge will make a decision called a judgment and put it in writing in the *Small Claims Order* or write their own order. The judge may award you all or part of the money claimed or find that the Defendant does not owe you any money.
- Get a copy of the *Order* before you leave the courtroom.
- The *Order* often requires the losing party to pay the winning party's court costs.

 Just because the judge gives you an Order, it does not mean you will be paid the money. If you are not paid, then you must then take steps to enforce the Order. For information on how to do this, see the Small Claims Citation forms at illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/.

Step 8: After the Small Claims Order is entered

- If you win the case, the Defendant owes you the amount on *Order*.
- If you lose, you have 30 days to file a *Motion* for the judge to reconsider the ruling or file an appeal to a higher court.
- You can use the *Motion* form found here for a motion to reconsider:

illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/.

• You can use the forms found here to file an appeal: <u>illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/appellate/app</u><u>ellate.asp</u>. This form is approved by the Illinois Supreme Court and is required to be accepted in all Illinois Circuit Courts.

STATE OF IL CIRCUIT C	•	SMALL CLAIMS COMPLAINT	For Court Use Only
Instructions •			
Directly above, enter the name of the county where you are filing the case.	Plaintiff (First,	, middle, last name)	
Enter your name as Plaintiff.	V.		
Enter the names of all people or businesses you are suing as Defendants.	Defendants (First, middle, last name or business name):	Case Number
The Circuit Clerk will add a Case Number.			

In 1 , enter your name. In 2 , enter the name	1.	I, First, Middle, Last		, am the Plair	ntiff.
and address of each Defendant. If you are suing more than 2 Defendants,	2.	Defendant's name and address is:	First, Middle, Last		
use the Additional Defendants (Small Claims Complaint)		Street, Unit # Defendant #2's name and address	City	State	ZIP
form and attach it.			First, Middle, Last		
In 3 , enter the amount of money that is owed to you. It must be \$10,000 or less. Do not include court costs. Check 3a , 3b ,		Street, Unit # I have listed additional Defend Claims Complaint) form.	<i>City</i> ants on the attached A	State Additional Defendai	ZIP nts (Small
or 3c . If you have a written agreement, attach that contract or other document as proof of your agreement to this <i>Small Claims</i>	3.	Defendants owe me <u>\$</u> a. I have no written agreeme b. I have a written agreemen c. I have a written agreemen	t with Defendants and		l it because:
<i>Complaint</i> , or explain why you cannot.					·
In 4, check the box if it applies. I have demanded payment of the amount listed in Section 3 and Defendants have to pay in full.				lants have failed	

		Enter the Case Number give	n by the Circuit Clerk:
In 5 , enter the reasons why Defendant owes this money to you.	5.	Defendants owe me this amount of mone	/ because:
If you need more space, complete the Additional Reasons (Small Claims Complaint) form and check the box.			
		I have attached an Additional Reason	s (Small Claims Complaint) form.
Under <u>Illinois</u> <u>Supreme Court Rule</u> <u>137</u> , your signature means that you have read the document, that to the best of	/s/		
your belief, it is true and correct and that you are not filing it for an improper purpose, such as to		r Signature	Print Your Name
cause delay. If you are completing this form on a	Stre	et Address	City, State, ZIP
computer, sign your name by typing it. If you are completing it by hand, sign and print your name.	Tele	phone	Email Address
Enter your complete address, telephone number and email address, if you have one.			

GETTING COURT DOCUMENTS BY EMAIL: You should use an email account that you do not share with anyone else and that you check every day. If you do not check your email every day, you may miss important information, notice of court dates, or documents from other parties.

This form is approved by the Illinois Supreme Court and is required to be accepted in all Illinois Circuit Courts.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, CIRCUIT COURT		ADDITIONAL D (SMALL CLAIMS	-	For Court Use Only	
Instructions -				_	
Directly above, enter the name of the county where you are filing the case.	Plaintiff (First	t, middle, last name)			
Enter your name as Plaintiff.	V.				
Enter the names of all people or businesses you are suing as Defendants.	Defendants	(First, middle, last name or b	usiness name):	Case Number	
The Circuit Clerk will add a Case Number.					
Fill out this form only if you have more than 2 Defendants. If you	Defendant #3	B's name and address is:	Name	·	
fill it out, attach this form to your <i>Small</i> <i>Claims Complaint</i> .	Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
Ciaims Compiaini.	Defendant #4	4's name and address is:			

Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
Defendant #4's name and address is:				
	Name			
Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
Defendant #5's name and address is:				
	Name			
Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
Defendant #6's name and address is:	<u> </u>			
	Name			
Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
Defendant #7's name and address is:	Marria			
	Name			
		0.1	0/11/1	7/0
Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
Defendent #01- neme and address is:				
Defendant #8's name and address is:	Name			
	Name			
Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
		City	Slale	ZIF
Defendant #9's name and address is:				
	Name			
	Name			
Street, Unit #		City	State	ZIP
		Ony	Slale	LIF

This form is approved by the Illinois Supreme Court and is required to be accepted in all Illinois Circuit Courts.

STATE OF IL CIRCUIT C		ADDITIONAL REASONS (SMALL CLAIMS COMPLAINT)	For Court Use Only
Instructions 🕶			
Directly above, enter the name of the county where you are filing the case.	Plaintiff (First	, middle, last name)	
Enter your name as Plaintiff.	V.		
Enter the names of all people or businesses you are suing as Defendants. The Circuit Clerk will add a Case Number.	Defendants (First, middle, last name or business name):	Case Number

- If you do not have enough room on the *Small Claims Complaint* for your reasons, fill out this form and attach it to the *Small Claims Complaint*.
- 5. Defendants owe me this amount of money because (*continued from the Small Claims Complaint*):

LETTER TO THE SHERIFF (SERVING A SMALL CLAIMS SUMMONS AND SMALL CLAIMS COMPLAINT)

Instructions:

1.	Complete this letter. If there is more than 1 Defendant and they do not all live in the same county, you will need to complete this letter for each
	sheriff that you will be asking to serve a Small Claims Summons.

- 2. If you are suing more than 1 Defendant, include a separate *Small Claims Summons* form for each Defendant.
- 3. With this letter include:
 - 3 copies of the *Small Claims Summons* for each Defendant to be served;
 - 1 copy of your *Small Claims Complaint* for each Defendant to be served;
 - Your portion of the fee for the cost of serving each *Small Claims Summons* and the *Order for Waiver of Court Fees*, if you have one; and
 - Self-addressed and stamped envelope.

The sheriff will mail you back the *Proof of Service* that they served the *Small Claims Summons* and *Small Claims Complaint* on the Defendants. 4. Send your letter and the documents listed above to the sheriff's office in the county and state where the Defendant lives.

Date: Sheriff of Address of Sheriff: _	County				
Re: <i>Plaintiff</i>	V Defendants	(Case Number: _		
Dear Sheriff:					
•	nall Claims Summons and Small Cla ved:			ach Defendant. I	Name of each
 I have enclosed the cost of servi (To determine ho fee waiver. The si percentage of you I was not grante 	an Order for Waiver of Court Fees an Order for Waiver of Court Fees ice. I have enclosed the reduced cos w much to send, contact the sheriff and heriff may tell you the reduced cost of se	granting ast of service _\$ ask how much is ch ervice. If the sheriff of s. I have enclosed	<u>%</u> waiver of arged for service does not tell you, the cost of serv	my service fees Inform the sherit then reduce the c	f of your partial cost by the
•	ed the enclosed documents, please of <i>laint</i> and return it to me in the enclose				ımmons &
Sincerely,	attention to this matter.				
	completing this form on a computer, bing it. If you are completing it by rour name).	Printed Name			
Street Address, Unit #	ŧ	City	State	ZIP	
Phone		Email			
					(00)000

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF ILLINOIS TAZEWELL COUNTY

SUMMONS

Plaintiff

VS

CASE #_____

Defendant

To each of the above-named defendants:

You have been named a defendant in the complaint in this case, a copy of which is hereto attached. You are summoned and required to file your appearance, in the office of the clerk of this court, within 30 days after service of this summons, not counting the day of service. If you fail to do so, a judgment by default may be entered against you for the relief asked in the complaint.

E-filing is now mandatory for documents in civil cases with limited exemptions. To e-file, you must first create an account with an e-filing service provider. Visit <u>https://efile.illinoiscourts.gov/service-providers.htm</u> to learn more and to select a service provider.

If you need additional help or have trouble e-filing, visit <u>http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/faq/gethelp.asp</u> or talk to your local circuit clerk's office. If you cannot e-file, you may be able to get an exemption that allows you to file in-person or by mail. Ask your circuit clerk for more information or visit <u>www.illinoislegalaid.org</u>

If you are unable to pay your court fees, you can apply for a fee waiver. For information about defending yourself in a court case (including filing an entry of appearance or fee waiver), or to apply for free legal help go to <u>www.illinoislegalaid.org</u>. You can also ask your local circuit clerk's office for a fee waiver application.

THIS SUMMONS MAY NOT BE SERVED LATER THAN 30 DAYS AFTER ITS DATE.

	WITNESS:	d the seal thereof, at]	Clerk of the Pekin, Illinois
	Dated	20	·
Name		*NOTICE*	• • • • • •
Attorney No	4	requested this Summons ing this Summons should aey.	
Address	DO NOT CALL TH	E CIRCUIT COURT C	LERK.
City /State			
Phone			