

Getting Started

Motion to Continue or Extend Time

IMPORTANT: This getting started guide and the instructions are not legal advice. They are only meant to help you learn how to use a *Motion to Continue or Extend Time* form in your case. Your use of these forms does not guarantee you will be successful in court.

To learn how to fill out the forms and file them with the court, read the *How to File & Send a Motion to Continue or Extend Time & Notice of Court Date for Motion* instruction sheet and the instructions on the forms.

Names of the forms:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Motion to Continue or Extend Time</i> • <i>Order Granting/Denying Motion to Continue or Extend Time</i>
Purpose of the forms:	Use these forms when you want to ask the judge to continue (reschedule) a court date that has already been scheduled or for more time to do something (like file an <i>Answer</i>).
Types of cases the forms CAN be used for:	All civil cases. For example, divorce cases, family cases, eviction cases, small claims cases, lawsuits for injury or property damage, and contract disputes.
Types of cases the forms CANNOT be used for:	All criminal, traffic, and juvenile justice cases.
Cost to file the forms:	None.
Special information or papers needed to complete the forms:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you are asking the court to continue (reschedule) a court date that has already been scheduled, you will need to know that date and time. • You may also need a <i>Notice of Court Date for Motion</i> form but some courts do not require it. • If you use a <i>Notice of Court Date for Motion</i>, you should also read <i>Getting Started Notice of Court Date for Motion</i>. • You may also need a <i>Proof of Delivery</i> for the <i>Order</i>. • See <i>How to File & Send a Motion to Continue or Extend Time & Notice of Court Date for Motion</i>.
Rules covering the forms:	Illinois Supreme Court Rule 183 , 231
Where to find the forms and instruction sheet:	http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/
For more information:	Read the <i>How To File & Send a Motion to Continue or Extend Time & Notice of Court Date for Motion</i> instruction sheet that comes with these forms. You may also find more information, resources, and the location of your local county self help center at: http://www.illinoislegalaid.org .

HOW TO FILE & SEND A MOTION TO CONTINUE OR EXTEND TIME & NOTICE OF COURT DATE FOR MOTION

Who can use a *Motion to Continue or Extend Time*?

Anyone who needs to ask the court to continue (reschedule) a court date that has already been scheduled, or who needs more time to do something (like file an *Answer* or respond to a *Motion* another party has filed) can file a *Motion to Continue or Extend Time*.

Does the judge have to grant my *Motion to Continue or Extend Time*?

- No. The judge is not required to grant your *Motion*. Usually the judge will make a decision by looking at the reason why you need a continuance or more time. In some cases, the judge may be required to consider specific factors.

Is there a deadline for filing a *Motion to Continue or Extend Time*?

- No, but if you are asking the court to continue (reschedule) a court date, you must file your *Motion* as far before that court date as possible. If you are asking the court to extend your time to do something, you should file your *Motion* as far before that deadline as possible.
- There may be more specific deadlines depending on the type of court date you are asking the court to reschedule.

What forms do I need to fill out to file a *Motion to Continue or Extend Time*?

- ***Motion to Continue or Extend Time***: use this form to explain why you need to continue (reschedule) a court date or why you need more time to do something.
- ***Order Granting/Denying Motion to Continue or Extend Time***: is used by the judge to say if your *Motion to Continue or Extend Time* is granted or denied.
- ***Proof of Delivery***: you may need this form to show how you delivered a copy of the judge's *Order* to the parties or their attorneys.
- ***Notice of Court Date for Motion***: use this form to schedule the court date when you will see the judge; this is called the hearing date. This form also:
 - lists the date, time, and place where you will see the judge;
 - lists the names and addresses of the other parties or the names and addresses of their lawyers; AND
 - lets the other parties in the case know about the hearing date.

Where can I find the forms I need?

You can find the forms at:
<http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/>.

Are there any costs to file a *Motion to Continue or Extend Time*?

- No.
- If you have not yet filed your *Appearance* in the case, there may be a fee for filing your *Appearance*.
- If you cannot afford to pay the filing fee, you can ask the court to file for free. You will have to apply for a fee waiver by filling out the *Application for Waiver of Court Fees*. This is a separate set of forms you can find at: <http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/>.

What do I do after I fill out my forms?

Step 1- File your forms with the Circuit Clerk in the county where the court case is filed.

- Make copies of your forms for yourself and each party in the case.
- File your forms with the Circuit Clerk in person. You may be able to file by mail or online depending on the county where the court case is filed.
- The Circuit Clerk will stamp your forms. This stamp is your proof that the forms were filed with the court.
- How to File In Person
 - Go to the courthouse in the county where your court case is filed.
 - Give the Circuit Clerk your original forms and the copies to stamp.
 - The Circuit Clerk will keep the original forms and give back your copies.
- How to File By Mail
 - Mail your original forms and one copy to the Circuit Clerk to stamp.
 - Include the *Letter to the Circuit Clerk* found at: <http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/>.
 - Include a self-addressed and stamped envelope for the Circuit Clerk to mail the file stamped copy to you.
- How to File Online
 - Check your local Circuit Clerk's website to see if online filing is an option for you at: <http://www.illincourtclerks.org/illinois-court-clerks/>.
 - Follow the instructions for filing online provided by the Circuit Clerk.

Step 2 – Ask for a court date.

- Ask the Circuit Clerk if you have to schedule a court date or if one will be scheduled.
- If you need to schedule the court date, ask the Circuit Clerk how to do so. The Circuit Clerk may schedule the court date or you may have to speak with other court staff.
- When you get your court date, ask if the court will send notice of the court date to the other party or if you need to.
- If you need to send notice, complete the *Notice of Court Date for Motion*.

Step 3 – Send a copy of your forms to the other party.

- After filing, you must send a copy of your forms to each party in the case.
- If a party has a lawyer, send the copies to the lawyer.
- You may hand deliver or mail your forms to the other parties. If they have agreed, you may email your forms. The proof of delivery section must state the way you sent them.
- **NOTE:** There may be local rules about how many days before the court date you have to give notice to the other party. Ask the Circuit Clerk where to find these rules. Look for rules about motions and notice of hearing.
- Keep one copy of the file stamped forms for your own records.

Step 4 – Get ready for your court date.

- Decide and write down:
 - What you want to ask the judge to do for you; AND
 - What you will say to the judge if asked to tell why you need more time.

Step 5 – Go to your court date.

- Bring these items with you to court:
 - Photo I.D.;
 - Copies of all the documents you filed with the Circuit Clerk;
 - Copy of your *Order*; and
 - Other papers or proof related to your *Motion*.
- Get to the courthouse at least 30 minutes early. Go to the courtroom number listed on your court form. If your forms do not have a courtroom number, look for a list of cases at the courthouse or ask the Circuit Clerk.
- Check in with the courtroom staff and wait for your name and case number to be called.
- When your case is called, walk to the judge and introduce yourself.

How do I present my *Motion* to the judge and what happens after?

Step 1 – Tell the judge why you need more time and answer questions.

- Show evidence including documents and photos that show why you need more time.
 - Give a copy to the judge and a copy to the other party. Be prepared to explain why the document or photo is important.
- Question witnesses.
 - Tell the judge the name of your witnesses.
 - Ask the witnesses questions you prepared in advance.
 - The judge and the other party can ask questions of your witnesses when you are done.
- The judge decides whether the documents, photos, or witness testimony can be considered in making a decision about your motion.

Step 2 – The other party presents their position on your *Motion*.

- The other party will also get to present their position on your *Motion* by testifying, giving the judge evidence, and questioning witnesses.
- You will get to see any documents and photos the other party brings to court. If you do not think the judge should consider them in making a decision about your *Motion*, tell the judge why.
- You may ask questions of the other party's witnesses. Write down your questions while they are speaking to the other party or judge.

Step 3 – The judge makes a decision after both sides present their positions.

- The judge has to make a decision. The decision is called a court *Order*.
- If the judge needs more information to make a decision, the judge may set up another court date. Make sure you understand what information is needed and get it before the new court date.
- If the judge needs to think about it more, the judge may let you know the decision later by mailing a court *Order* or at another court date.
- If the judge has enough information, the judge may decide right then and fill out a court *Order*.
 - Get a file-stamped copy of the *Order*.
 - If the other party was not in court to get a copy, you must send them a copy by 5:00 p.m. on the date you get the *Order*. Fill out and file a *Proof of Delivery* court form with the Circuit Clerk to show that you sent the copy. You may find the *Proof of Delivery* at:
<http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/>.

Under the Code of Civil Procedure, [735 ILCS 5/1-109](#), making a statement on this form that you know to be false is perjury, a Class 3 Felony.

The person who delivers the court documents to the other parties must sign this form and enter their full name, complete current address, and telephone number.

I certify that everything in the *Proof of Delivery* is true and correct. I understand that making false statement on this form is perjury and has penalties provided by law under [735 ILCS 5/1-109](#).

Your Signature

Street Address

Print Your Name

City, State, ZIP

Telephone

Getting Started

Notice of Court Date for Motion

IMPORTANT: This getting started guide and the instructions are not legal advice. They are only meant to help you learn how to use a *Notice of Court Date for Motion* in your case. Your use of the form does not guarantee you will be successful in court.

To learn how to fill out the form and file it with the court, read the *How to File & Send a Motion & Notice of Court Date for Motion* instruction sheet and the instructions on the forms.

Name of the form:	<i>Notice of Court Date for Motion</i>
Purpose of the form:	<p>This form is used with the <i>Motion</i> form. The <i>Notice of Court Date for Motion</i> is used to schedule a court date for your <i>Motion</i> with the judge. This is called a hearing date. This form is also used to let the other people in your case know about the hearing date so they can come to court too.</p> <p>Some courts may not require the <i>Notice of Court Date for Motion</i> form, but many do require that it be filed and delivered to the other parties ALONG WITH your <i>Motion</i> form.</p>
Types of cases the form CAN be used for:	All civil cases. For example, divorce cases, family cases, eviction cases, small claims cases, lawsuits for injury or property damage, and contract disputes.
Types of cases the form CANNOT be used for:	All criminal, traffic, and juvenile justice cases.
Special information or papers needed to complete the form:	<p>You will need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The date and time of the court hearing when you will be seeing the judge.• The court address and court room number where the judge is located. You can get this information from a Circuit Clerk.• The names and addresses of the other people in the case, or their attorney's name and address.• A copy of your <i>Motion</i> form.
Rules and statutes covering the form:	IL Supreme Court Rules 11 , 12 , 104 , 105 , 106 , 137 , 182 , 184 , 191 , 192 , 274 , 287 735 ILCS 5/2-601 <i>et seq</i>
Where to find the forms and instruction sheet:	http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/Forms/approved/
For more information:	Read the <i>How To File & Send a Motion & Notice of Court Date for Motion</i> instruction sheet that comes with this. You may also find more information, resources, and the location of your local county self help center at www.illinoislegalaid.org/Motions .

In 2, enter the date you send the *Motion* to the other parties. You must send this form by 5:00 p.m. on the same day it was filed with the Circuit Clerk.

NOTE: There may be local rules about how many days before the court date you have to give notice to the other party. Ask the Circuit Clerk where to find these rules. Look for rules about motions and notice of hearing.

In 3, enter the full name and address of the parties or lawyers you are sending a copy of the *Motion*, and check if you will send copies of this form by hand, by mail, or by email.

If a party has a lawyer, you must send a copy of the *Motion* to the lawyer.

CAUTION: You may only send this form by email if the other party has agreed to receive documents in the lawsuit by email.

Proof of Delivery

1. I sent the *Motion and Notice of Court Date for Motion*

2. At or before 5:00 p.m. on _____, 20____
Date

3. To:

Name: _____
First Middle Last

Address: _____
Street, Apt # City State ZIP

Email: _____

- By: Hand Delivery
 Regular, First-Class Mail, deposited into the U.S. Mail with postage paid
 Email

Name: _____
First Middle Last

Address: _____
Street, Apt # City State ZIP

Email: _____

- By: Hand Delivery
 Regular, First-Class Mail, deposited into the U.S. Mail with postage paid
 Email

Name: _____
First Middle Last

Address: _____
Street, Apt # City State ZIP

Email: _____

- By: Hand Delivery
 Regular, First-Class Mail, deposited into the U.S. Mail with postage paid
 Email

Enter the Case Number given by the Circuit Clerk: _____

Under the Code of Civil Procedure, [735 ILCS 5/1-109](#), making a statement on this form that you know to be false is perjury, a Class 3 Felony.

After you finish this form, sign and print your name.

Enter your complete current address and telephone number.

I certify that everything in the Proof of Delivery is true and correct. I understand that making a false statement on this form is perjury and has penalties provided by law under 735 ILCS 5/1-109.

Your Signature

Street Address

Print Your Name

City, State, ZIP

Telephone